### **NFIB**

### SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC TRENDS

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### SMALL BUSINESS OPTIMISM INDEX COMPONENTS

Index Component	Seasonally Adjusted Level	Change from Last Month	Contribution to Index Change
Plans to Increase Employment	13%	1	*
Plans to Make Capital Outlays	21%	-1	*
Plans to Increase Inventories	-1%	0	*
Expect Economy to Improve	22%	-3	*
Expect Real Sales Higher	7%	-3	*
Current Inventory (too low)	-5%	-6	*
Current Job Openings	36%	2	*
Expected Credit Conditions	-4%	0	*
Now a Good Time to Expand	11%	1	*
Earnings Trends	-22%	4	*
Total Change		-5	

### NFIB SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC TRENDS

NFIB Research Center has collected Small Business Economic Trends Data with Quarterly surveys since 1973 and monthly surveys since 1986. The sample is drawn from the membership files of the National Federation of Independent Business (NFIB). Each was mailed a questionnaire and one reminder. Subscriptions for twelve monthly SBET issues are \$250. Historical and unadjusted data are available, along with a copy of the questionnaire, from the NFIB Research Center. You may reproduce Small Business Economic Trends items if you cite the publication name and date and note it is a copyright of the NFIB Research Center. © NFIB Research Center. ISBS #0940791-24-2. Chief Economist William C. Dunkelberg and Executive Director of the NFIB Research Center Holly Wade are responsible for the report.

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### **SUMMARY**

### **OPTIMISM INDEX**

The Small Business Optimism Index declined by 0.2 of a point in June to 98.6, slightly above the 51-year average of 98. Of the 10 Optimism Index components, four increased, four decreased, and two remained unchanged. Inventory satisfaction contributed the most to the decline in the Index. The Uncertainty Index decreased by 5 points from May to 89.

### **LABOR MARKETS**

In June, 36 percent (seasonally adjusted) of all owners reported job openings they could not fill in the current period, up 2 points from May. Thirty percent had openings for skilled workers (unchanged), and 13 percent had openings for unskilled labor (unchanged for the fifth consecutive month). The difficulty in filling open positions is particularly acute in the construction, manufacturing, and transportation industries. Openings were the lowest in the finance and agriculture industries. Job openings in construction were up 5 points from last month, and up 2 points from June 2024. A seasonally adjusted net 13 percent of owners plan to create new jobs in the next three months, up 1 point from May. Job creation plans remain weak compared to recent history. Overall, 58 percent reported hiring or trying to hire in June, up 3 points from May. Fifty percent (86 percent of those hiring or trying to hire) of owners reported few or no qualified applicants for the positions they were trying to fill (up 2 points). Twenty-five percent of owners reported few qualified applicants for their open positions (down 4 points), and 25 percent reported none (up 6 points). The percent of small business owners reporting labor quality as the single most important problem for their business remained at 16 percent, unchanged from May. The last time complaints about labor quality fell below 16 percent was in April 2020. Labor costs reported as the single most important problem for business owners rose 1 point from May to 10 percent.

### **CAPITAL SPENDING**

Fifty percent of small business owners reported capital outlays in the last six months, down 6 points from May and the lowest reading since August 2020. Of those making expenditures, 33 percent reported spending on new equipment (down 7 points), 18 percent acquired vehicles (down 8 points), and 13 percent improved or expanded facilities (down 2 points). Nine percent spent money on new fixtures and furniture (down 1 point), and 3 percent acquired new buildings or land for expansion (down 2 points). Twenty-one percent (seasonally adjusted) plan capital outlays in the next six months, down 1 point from May. Historically, this remains a weak reading.

### SALES AND INVENTORIES

A net negative 5 percent of all owners (seasonally adjusted) reported higher nominal sales in the past three months, up 8 points from May. This is the highest reading since January 2023 and the largest monthly jump since April 2021. The net percent of owners expecting higher real sales volumes fell 3 points from May to a net 7 percent (seasonally adjusted). The net percent of owners reporting inventory gains fell 3 points from May to a net negative 8 percent (seasonally adjusted). Not seasonally adjusted, 14 percent reported increases in stocks (unchanged) and 18 percent reported reductions (up 2 points). A net negative 5 percent (seasonally adjusted) of owners viewed current inventory stocks as "too low" in June, down 6 points from May. This component contributed the most to the Optimism Index's decline. A net negative 1 percent (seasonally adjusted) of owners plan inventory investment in the coming months, unchanged from May.

### **COMPENSATION AND EARNINGS**

Seasonally adjusted, a net 33 percent reported raising compensation, up 7 points from May and the largest monthly increase since January 2020. A seasonally adjusted net 19 percent plan to raise compensation in the next three months, down 1 point from May. Clearly, the pressure of labor costs on inflation is easing. The frequency of reports of positive profit trends was a net negative 22 percent (seasonally adjusted) in June, 4 points better than May's reading. Even with the increase, earning trends are relatively poor historically. Among owners reporting lower profits, 40 percent blamed weaker sales, 17 percent cited the rise in the cost of materials, 10 percent cited price change for their product(s) or service(s), and 7 percent cited labor costs. Among owners reporting higher profits, 42 percent cited sales volume, 32 percent cited usual seasonal change, and 7 percent cited higher selling prices.

### **CREDIT MARKETS**

A net 5 percent reported their last loan was harder to get than in previous attempts, up 1 point from May. Three percent reported that financing and interest rates were their top business problem in June, down 2 points from May. In June, a net 9 percent of owners reported paying a higher rate on their most recent loan, up 2 points from May. The percent reporting paying a higher rate on their most recent loan has been increasing since the beginning of this year. The average rate paid on short maturity loans was 8.8 percent, up 0.1 of a point from May. Twenty-six percent of all owners reported borrowing on a regular basis, up 1 point from May. High mortgage rates have slowed housing activity, a damper on GDP growth. But loan availability is good.

### **INFLATION**

The net percent of owners raising average selling prices rose 4 points from May to a net 29 percent seasonally adjusted. Actual price increases still remain too high to achieve and maintain the Federal Reserve's 2 percent inflation target but are closing in on a range of greater price stability. About half of the CPI is "imputed," not based on a direct measure of market prices. Eleven percent of owners reported that inflation was their single most important problem in operating their business (higher input costs), down 3 points from May and the lowest reading since September 2021. Unadjusted, 11 percent (up 1 point) reported lower average selling prices, and 42 percent (up 4 points) reported higher average prices. Price hikes were most frequent in the finance (52 percent higher, 10 percent lower), wholesale (50 percent higher, 6 percent lower), retail (49 percent higher, 7 percent lower), and construction (48 percent higher, 8 percent lower) industries. Seasonally adjusted, a net 32 percent plan to increase prices, up 1 point from May and the highest reading since March of last year.

### **OUTLOOK**

The net percent of owners expecting better business conditions fell 3 points from May to a net 22 percent (seasonally adjusted). Historically this is a positive reading. In June, 11 percent (seasonally adjusted) reported that it is a good time to expand their business, up 1 point from May. Despite the increase, this remains a low reading historically. In June, there was a notable decline in the percent of small business owners rating the overall health of their business as excellent or good. When asked to rate the overall health of their business, 8 percent reported excellent (down 6 points), and 49 percent reported good (down 6 points). Thirty-five percent reported the health of their business was fair (up 7 points), and 7 percent reported poor (up 3 points).

### SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM

In June, 19 percent of small business owners reported taxes as their single most important problem, up 1 point from May and ranking as the top problem. The last time taxes reached 19 percent was in July 2021. The percent of small business owners reporting government regulations and red tape as their single most important problem remained at 9 percent for the third consecutive month. The percent of small business owners reporting labor quality as the single most important problem for their business remained at 16 percent, unchanged from May. The last time complaints about labor quality fell below 16 percent was in April 2020. Labor costs reported as the single most important problem for business owners rose 1 point from May to 10 percent. Eleven percent of owners reported that inflation was their single most important problem in operating their business, down 3 points from May and the lowest reading since September 2021. The percent of small business owners reporting poor sales as their top business problem rose 1 point to 10 percent, after five consecutive months of remaining unchanged. The last time poor sales was this high was March 2021. In June, 8 percent reported the cost or availability of insurance as their single most important problem, down 1 point from May. Three percent reported that financing and interest rates were their top business problem in June, down 2 points from May. Seven percent reported competition from large businesses as their single most important problem, up 3 points from May.

### COMMENTARY

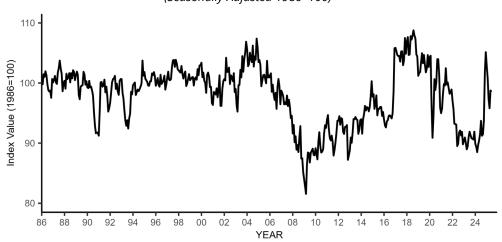
The Uncertainty Index remains at elevated levels, with politics and more politics dominating the news. Real spending on investment is falling and spending plans remain depressed. Investments today impact our ability to produce more "tomorrow." Job creation has been wobbling downward and will continue to do so.

Inflation remains stubbornly above the Federal Reserve's target, therefore the policy rate remains over 4 percent with the possibility of cuts getting pushed down the road. The President wants a lower rate, and sometime this fall, market conditions will likely justify a rate cut by the FOMC. Lower mortgage rates would provide some support to a slowing housing market and reduce borrowing costs for small businesses, but supply remains the bigger problem. Owners face high labor costs with many continuing to raise compensation, a cost that will be passed on in higher selling prices, not helpful for the inflation fight.

Consumer spending will be the key to growth over the next 12 months. Sentiment is in the tank, consumers are sharply divided on their political affiliation. Democrats are depressed, Republicans jubilant. Just how this will shape their spending is less clear. As Uncertainty is resolved, the outlook will become clearer.

### **OPTIMISM INDEX**

Based on Ten Survey Indicators (Seasonally Adjusted 1986=100)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Questions included in the Optimism Index (see pages 22-23)

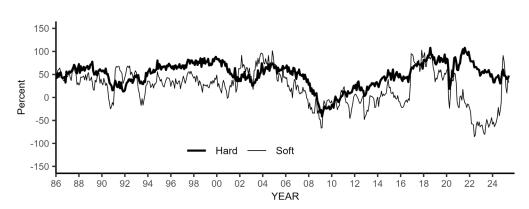
### **OPTIMISM INDEX**

Based on Ten Survey Indicators (Seasonally Adjusted 1986=100)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	104.3	104.5	96.4	90.9	94.4	100.6	98.8	100.2	104.0	104.0	101.4	95.9
2021	95.0	95.8	98.2	99.8	99.6	102.5	99.7	100.1	99.1	98.2	98.4	98.9
2022	97.1	95.7	93.2	93.2	93.1	89.5	89.9	91.8	92.1	91.3	91.9	89.8
2023	90.3	90.9	90.1	89.0	89.4	91.0	91.9	91.3	90.8	90.7	90.6	91.9
2024	89.9	89.4	88.5	89.7	90.5	91.5	93.7	91.2	91.5	93.7	101.7	105.1
2025	102.8	100.7	97.4	95.8	98.8	98.6						

### **OPTIMISM INDEX COMPONENTS**

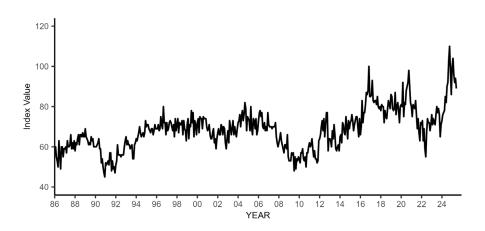
Hard: Job Creation Plans, Job Openings, Inventory Plans, Earnings, Capital Expenditure Plans
Soft: Expected Business Conditions, Outlook for Expansion, Expected Real Sales, Expected
Credit Conditions, Inventory Satisfaction



### **SMALL BUSINESS UNCERTAINTY**

### **UNCERTAINTY INDEX**

Sum of "Don't Know" & "Uncertain" Answers on 6 Questions



<sup>2</sup> Questions included in the Uncertainty Index (see pages 22-23)

### **UNCERTAINTY INDEX**

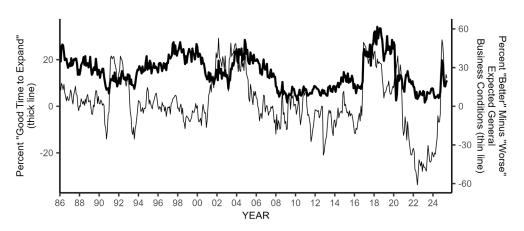
Sum of "Don't Know" & "Uncertain" Answers on 6 Questions

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	81	80	92	75	82	81	88	90	92	98	90	82
2021	80	75	81	80	79	83	76	69	74	67	63	72
2022	71	73	63	69	59	55	67	74	72	72	68	71
2023	76	71	74	72	71	76	80	77	79	76	65	71
2024	73	76	77	78	85	82	90	92	103	110	98	86
2025	100	104	96	92	94	89						

### **SMALL BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

### **OUTLOOK**

Good Time to Expand and Expected General Business Conditions January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **SMALL BUSINESS OUTLOOK (CONTINUED)**

### **OUTLOOK FOR EXPANSION**

Percent Next Three Months "Good Time to Expand" (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	28	26	13	3	5	13	11	12	13	13	12	8
2021	8	6	11	14	13	15	13	11	11	10	10	11
2022	9	8	6	4	6	3	4	5	6	5	6	5
2023	7	6	2	3	3	6	6	6	5	6	8	8
2024	8	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	6	14	20
2025	17	12	9	9	10	11						

### MOST IMPORTANT REASON FOR EXPANSION OUTLOOK

Reason Percent by Expansion Outlook June 2025

Reason	Good Time	Not Good Time	Uncertain
<b>Economic Conditions</b>	5	22	16
Sales Prospects	2	4	3
Fin. & Interest Rates	0	3	3
Cost of Expansion	1	7	6
Political Climate	4	9	7
Other / Not Available	0	4	1

### **OUTLOOK FOR GENERAL BUSINESS CONDITIONS**

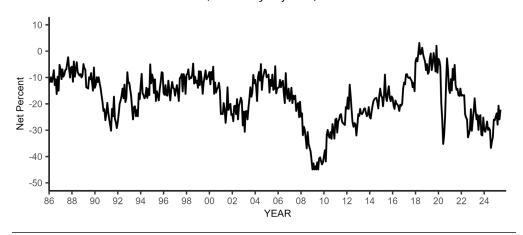
Net Percent ("Better" Minus "Worse") Six Months From Now (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	14	22	5	29	34	39	25	24	32	27	8	-16
2021	-23	-19	-8	-15	-26	-12	-20	-28	-33	-37	-38	-35
2022	-33	-35	-49	-50	-54	-61	-52	-42	-44	-46	-43	-51
2023	-45	-47	-47	-49	-50	-40	-30	-37	-43	-43	-42	-36
2024	-38	-39	-36	-37	-30	-25	-7	-13	-12	-5	36	52
2025	47	37	21	15	25	22						

### **SMALL BUSINESS EARNINGS**

### **EARNINGS**

### **Actual Last Three Months** January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **ACTUAL EARNINGS CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") Last Three Months Compared to Prior Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	-3	-4	-6	-20	-26	-35	-32	-25	-12	-3	-7	-14
2021	-16	-11	-15	-7	-11	-5	-13	-15	-14	-17	-17	-14
2022	-17	-17	-17	-17	-24	-25	-26	-33	-31	-30	-22	-30
2023	-26	-23	-18	-23	-26	-24	-30	-25	-24	-32	-32	-25
2024	-30	-31	-29	-27	-30	-29	-30	-37	-34	-33	-26	-26
2025	-25	-24	-28	-21	-26	-22						

### MOST IMPORTANT REASON FOR LOWER EARNINGS

Percent Reason June 2025

Reason	<b>Current Month</b>	One Year Ago	Two Years Ago
Sales Volume	15	14	10
Increased Costs*	11	14	15
Cut Selling Prices	4	4	3
Usual Seasonal Change	1	4	5
Other	2	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> Increased costs include labor, materials, finance, taxes, and regulatory costs.

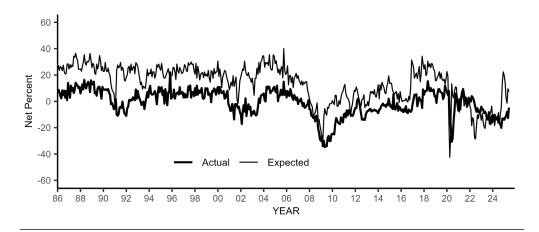
### **SMALL BUSINESS SALES**

**SALES** 

Actual (Prior Three Months) and Expected (Next Three Months)

January 1986 to June 2025

(Seasonally Adjusted)



### **ACTUAL SALES CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") Last Three Months Compared to Prior Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	7	5	8	-11	-19	-31	-28	-15	-6	6	5	-2
2021	-7	2	-6	3	7	9	5	0	3	-4	-2	1
2022	2	0	4	3	1	-2	-5	-8	-5	-8	-7	-8
2023	-4	-6	-6	-9	-8	-10	-13	-14	-8	-17	-17	-11
2024	-11	-13	-10	-13	-14	-12	-16	-16	-17	-20	-13	-13
2025	-14	-12	-11	-8	-13	-5						

### **SALES EXPECTATIONS**

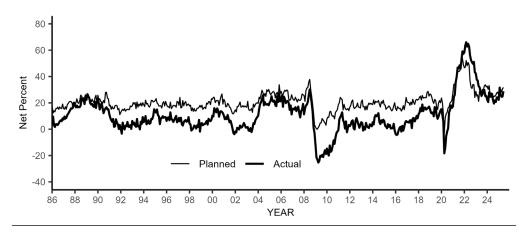
Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") During Next Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	23	19	-12	-42	-24	13	5	3	8	11	10	-4
2021	-6	-8	0	1	3	7	-4	-2	2	0	2	3
2022	-3	-6	-18	-12	-15	-28	-29	-19	-10	-13	-8	-10
2023	-14	-9	-15	-19	-21	-14	-12	-14	-13	-10	-8	-4
2024	-16	-10	-18	-12	-13	-13	-9	-18	-9	-4	14	22
2025	20	14	3	-1	10	7						

### **SMALL BUSINESS PRICES**

**PRICES** 

Actual Last Three Months and Planned Next Three Months January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **ACTUAL PRICE CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") Compared to Three Months Ago (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	15	11	6	-18	-14	-5	-2	1	13	15	18	16
2021	17	25	26	36	40	47	46	49	46	53	59	57
2022	58	64	66	63	65	63	56	53	51	50	51	43
2023	42	38	37	33	32	29	25	27	29	30	25	25
2024	22	21	28	25	25	27	22	20	22	21	24	24
2025	22	32	26	25	25	29						

### **PRICE PLANS**

Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") in the Next Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	24	20	12	-3	9	12	13	16	17	20	21	22
2021	28	34	34	36	43	44	44	44	46	51	54	49
2022	47	47	52	48	51	49	37	32	31	34	34	24
2023	29	25	26	21	29	31	27	30	30	33	34	32
2024	33	30	33	26	28	26	24	25	25	26	28	28
2025	26	29	30	28	31	32						

### **SMALL BUSINESS EMPLOYMENT**

### **ACTUAL EMPLOYMENT CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") in the Last Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	9	13	8	-12	-16	-16	-11	-12	-6	-2	-2	-5
2021	0	-3	-2	1	-5	-2	-6	-8	-1	-2	-1	1
2022	-1	1	-2	-2	-4	-2	-4	-8	-4	-2	-3	1
2023	2	4	2	-2	-4	-2	-2	-4	-2	-3	-2	-2
2024	0	-1	-2	0	-2	-5	-3	-6	-4	-3	-1	-3
2025	1	-3	-1	1	-2	-8						

### QUALIFIED APPLICANTS FOR JOB OPENINGS

Percent Few or No Qualified Applicants

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	49	52	47	41	37	43	44	46	50	48	47	48
2021	46	51	51	54	57	56	57	60	62	58	56	57
2022	55	57	55	55	61	60	57	57	57	55	54	51
2023	52	54	53	55	55	54	56	54	57	55	50	49
2024	49	51	48	51	51	51	49	56	52	46	48	49
2025	47	48	47	47	48	50						

### **EMPLOYMENT**

Planned Next Three Months and Current Job Openings January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **SMALL BUSINESS EMPLOYMENT (CONTINUED)**

### JOB OPENINGS

Percent With Positions Not Able to Fill Right Now (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	37	38	35	24	23	32	30	33	36	33	34	32
2021	33	40	42	44	48	46	49	50	51	49	48	49
2022	47	48	47	47	51	50	49	49	46	46	44	41
2023	45	47	43	45	44	42	42	40	43	43	40	40
2024	39	37	37	40	42	37	38	40	34	35	36	35
2025	35	38	40	34	34	36						<u> </u>

### HIRING PLANS

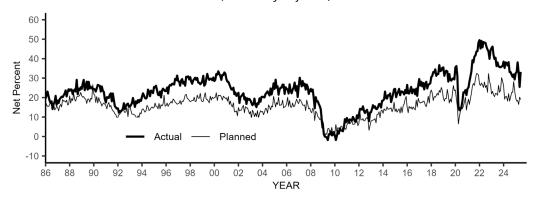
Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") in the Next Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	19	21	9	1	8	16	18	21	23	18	21	17
2021	17	18	22	21	27	28	27	32	26	26	25	28
2022	26	19	20	20	26	19	20	21	23	20	18	17
2023	19	17	15	17	19	15	17	17	18	17	18	16
2024	14	12	11	12	15	15	15	13	15	15	18	19
2025	18	15	12	13	12	13		·				

### **SMALL BUSINESS COMPENSATION**

### **COMPENSATION**

Actual Last Three Months and Planned Next Three Months January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **SMALL BUSINESS COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)**

### **ACTUAL COMPENSATION CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") During Last Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	36	36	31	16	14	14	15	18	23	23	24	21
2021	25	25	28	31	34	39	38	41	42	44	44	48
2022	50	45	49	46	49	48	48	46	45	44	40	44
2023	46	46	42	40	41	36	38	36	36	36	36	36
2024	39	35	38	38	37	38	33	33	32	31	32	29
2025	33	33	38	33	26	33						

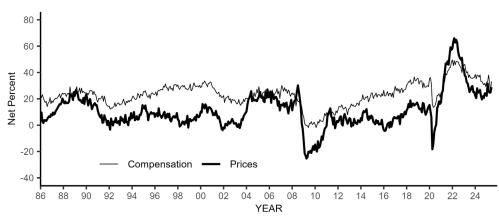
### **COMPENSATION PLANS**

Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") in the Next Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	24	19	16	7	10	13	14	14	16	18	20	14
2021	17	19	17	20	22	26	27	26	30	32	32	32
2022	27	26	28	27	25	28	25	26	23	32	28	27
2023	22	23	22	21	22	22	21	26	23	24	30	29
2024	26	19	21	21	18	22	18	20	23	23	28	24
2025	20	18	19	17	20	19						

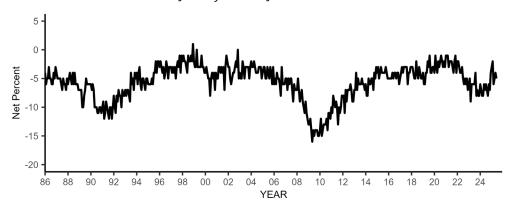
### PRICES AND LABOR COMPENSATION

Net Percent Price Increase and Net Percent Compensation (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **CREDIT CONDITIONS**

Loan Availability Compared to Three Months Ago\* January 1986 to June 2025



<sup>\*</sup> For the population borrowing at least once every three months.

### **REGULAR BORROWERS**

### Percent Borrowing at Least Once Every Three Months

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	31	28	26	29	26	27	26	24	26	25	22	26
2021	23	26	23	24	23	21	21	20	20	23	21	23
2022	23	23	25	26	23	25	26	27	26	28	27	28
2023	29	30	30	31	29	28	27	28	31	27	31	29
2024	29	25	28	31	31	28	27	27	26	25	28	25
2025	27	24	28	26	25	26						

### **AVAILABILITY OF LOANS**

Net Percent ("Easier" Minus "Harder") Compared to Three Months Ago (Regular Borrowers)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	-4	-1	-3	-4	-2	-3	-2	-1	-2	-3	-2	-3
2021	-1	-1	-1	-3	-2	-2	-2	-3	-4	-2	-1	-4
2022	-2	-2	-3	-4	-4	-3	-5	-6	-5	-6	-5	-7
2023	-6	-5	-9	-6	-6	-6	-6	-4	-8	-7	-8	-8
2024	-6	-7	-8	-8	-6	-7	-6	-7	-8	-6	-7	-4
2025	-3	-2	-6	-5	-4	-5						

### **SMALL BUSINESS CREDIT CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)**

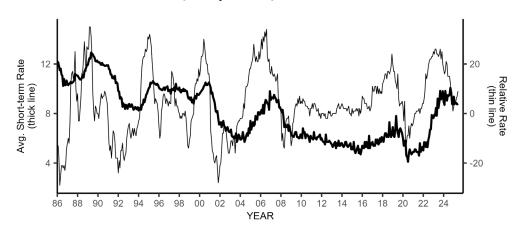
### **EXPECT EASIER CREDIT CONDITIONS**

Net Percent ("Easier" Minus "Harder") During Next Three Months (Regular Borrowers)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	-4	-1	-4	-6	-4	-6	-5	-4	-5	-4	-3	-5
2021	-3	-6	-3	-3	-3	-4	-4	-4	-4	-4	-3	-4
2022	-4	-4	-4	-5	-4	-5	-7	-8	-6	-8	-6	-9
2023	-8	-6	-9	-8	-10	-8	-8	-6	-10	-9	-11	-8
2024	-8	-6	-8	-9	-7	-7	-7	-8	-8	-6	-5	-2
2025	-4	-3	-4	-7	-4	-4						

### **INTEREST RATES**

Relative Rates and Actual Rates Last Three Months January 1986 to June 2025



### RELATIVE INTEREST RATE PAID BY REGULAR BORROWERS

Net Percent ("Higher" Minus "Lower") Compared to Three Months Ago

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	3	-3	5	-11	-13	-9	-9	-5	-10	-6	-4	-5
2021	-4	-2	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	2	4
2022	4	6	9	16	14	16	19	21	22	22	23	23
2023	25	24	26	26	24	24	23	24	26	22	25	20
2024	18	16	17	21	20	15	15	15	12	5	5	1
2025	3	4	4	6	7	9						

### **SMALL BUSINESS CREDIT CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)**

### ACTUAL INTEREST RATE PAID ON SHORT-TERM LOANS BY BORROWERS

Average Interest Rate Paid

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	6.0	5.4	5.8	5.8	4.6	4.5	4.1	4.8	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.8
2021	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.6	5.6	4.9	5.1	5.3
2022	5.0	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.3	5.9	6.2	6.7	6.7	7.9	7.7
2023	7.6	7.9	7.8	8.5	7.8	9.2	8.5	9.0	9.8	9.1	9.3	9.8
2024	9.0	8.7	9.8	9.3	9.0	9.5	9.4	9.5	10.1	9.7	8.8	8.7
2025	9.4	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.7	8.8						

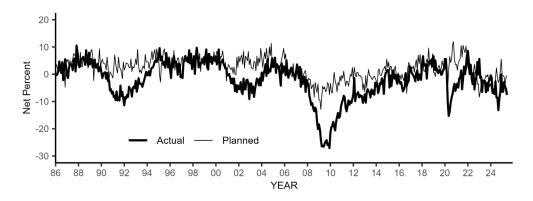
### **SMALL BUSINESS INVENTORIES**

### **INVENTORIES**

Actual (Last Three Months) and Planned (Next Three Months)

January 1986 to June 2025

(Seasonally Adjusted)



### **ACTUAL INVENTORY CHANGES**

Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") During Last Three Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	6	6	0	-11	-15	-14	-11	-9	-7	-5	-4	-6
2021	-4	-3	-5	-2	-1	1	-6	-2	3	0	3	7
2022	9	5	0	4	-1	-4	1	-6	-2	-1	5	0
2023	6	-1	-1	-7	-2	-3	-3	-7	-3	-6	-3	-2
2024	0	-1	-7	-6	-7	-3	-9	-9	-13	-9	-7	0
2025	-6	-6	-3	-5	-5	-8						

### **SMALL BUSINESS INVENTORIES (CONTINUED)**

### **CURRENT INVENTORY (TOO LOW)**

Net Percent ("Too Low" Minus "Too Large") at Present Time (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	-3	-4	-2	-7	-5	1	1	3	5	4	5	7
2021	5	5	3	7	8	11	12	11	10	9	15	9
2022	7	7	9	6	8	5	2	3	1	0	-2	1
2023	-1	-4	1	-5	-3	-4	-4	-5	-4	-3	0	-5
2024	-4	-4	-5	-4	-8	-2	-4	-5	-4	-2	-2	-1
2025	-1	-5	-7	-6	1	-5						

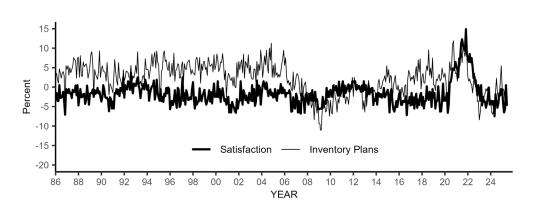
### **INVENTORY PLANS**

Net Percent ("Increase" Minus "Decrease") in the Next Three to Six Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	4	2	-3	-4	2	7	4	6	11	12	5	4
2021	4	2	4	5	6	11	6	11	9	8	10	8
2022	3	2	2	1	1	-2	1	4	0	2	-4	-4
2023	-8	-7	-4	-5	-2	-3	-2	0	-1	0	-3	-5
2024	-3	-7	-7	-6	-6	-2	2	-1	-3	-2	1	6
2025	0	-1	-1	-4	-1	-1						

### INVENTORY SATISFACTION AND INVENTORY PLANS

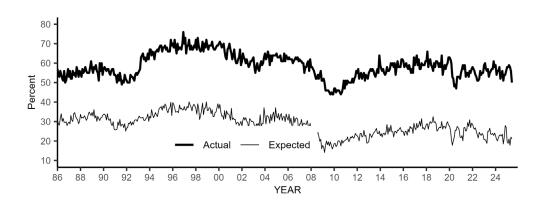
Net Percent ("Too Low" Minus "Too Large") at Present Time Net Percent Planning to Add Inventories in the Next Three to Six Months (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **SMALL BUSINESS CAPITAL OUTLAYS**

### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

Actual Last Six Months and Planned Next Three Months January 1986 to June 2025 (Seasonally Adjusted)



### **ACTUAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

Percent Making a Capital Expenditure During the Last Six Months

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	63	62	60	53	52	48	49	47	53	53	53	52
2021	55	57	59	57	59	53	55	55	53	56	55	57
2022	58	57	56	54	53	51	51	52	56	54	55	55
2023	59	60	57	56	57	53	55	56	57	57	61	58
2024	59	54	56	56	58	52	54	56	51	54	54	56
2025	58	58	59	58	56	50						

### TYPE OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURES MADE

Percent Purchasing or Leasing During Last Six Months

Туре	<b>Current Month</b>	One Year Ago	Two Years Ago
Vehicles	18	22	21
Equipment	33	35	37
Furniture or Fixtures	9	10	8
Add. Bldgs. or Land	3	5	6
Improved Bldgs. or Land	13	14	14

### **SMALL BUSINESS CAPITAL OUTLAYS (CONTINUED)**

### AMOUNT OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURES MADE

Percent Distribution of Per Firm Expenditures
During the Last Six Months

Amount	<b>Current Month</b>	One Year Ago	Two Years Ago
\$1 to \$999	1	1	3
\$1,000 to \$4,999	10	5	6
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5	5	5
\$10,000 to \$49,999	14	14	15
\$50,000 to \$99,999	7	10	8
\$100,000 +	12	16	16
No Answer	1	1	0

### CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PLANS

Percent Planning a Capital Expenditure During Next Three to Six Months (Seasonally Adjusted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	28	26	21	18	20	22	26	26	28	27	26	22
2021	22	23	20	27	27	25	26	30	28	31	27	29
2022	29	27	26	27	25	23	22	25	24	23	24	23
2023	21	21	20	19	25	25	27	24	24	24	23	24
2024	23	21	20	22	23	23	23	24	19	22	28	27
2025	20	19	21	18	22	21						

### **SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH**

### **OVERALL HEALTH OF BUSINESS**

June 2025

Rating	<b>Current Month</b>	One Month Ago	Two Months Ago
Excellent	8	14	13
Good	49	55	56
Fair	35	28	27
Poor	7	4	4

### SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM

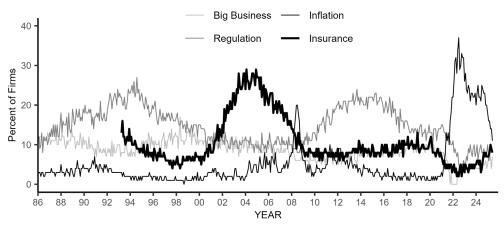
### SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM

June 2025

Problem	Current	One Year Ago	Survey High	Survey Low
Taxes	19	14	32	8
Inflation	11	21	41	0
Poor Sales	10	6	34	2
Fin. & Interest Rates	3	3	37	0
Cost of Labor	10	11	13	2
Government Regulation	9	10	27	4
Comp. from Large Bus.	7	5	14	0
Quality of Labor	16	19	29	3
Cost/Avail. of Insurance	8	3	29	0
Other	5	7	31	0

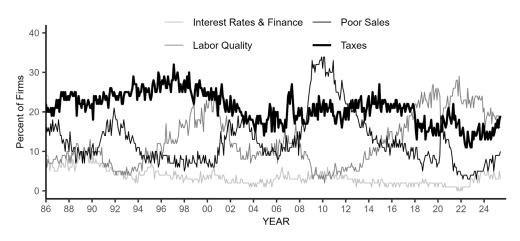
### SELECTED SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM

Inflation, Big Business, Insurance, and Regulation January 1986 to June 2025



### SELECTED SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM

Taxes, Interest Rates, Sales, and Labor Quality January 1986 to June 2025



### **SURVEY PROFILE**

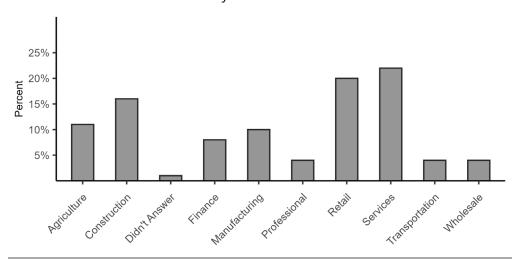
### OWNER/MEMBERS PARTICIPATING IN **ECONOMIC SURVEY NFIB**

### Actual Number of Firms

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2020	1692	641	627	1832	814	670	1652	751	604	1719	561	542
2021	1109	678	514	1516	659	592	1440	595	537	1431	613	639
2022	1504	665	560	1457	581	505	1351	622	557	1342	572	514
2023	1466	626	573	1365	632	496	1313	611	582	1382	573	518
2024	1287	604	506	1215	578	514	1309	590	559	1197	532	513
2025	1205	509	508	1078	485	382						

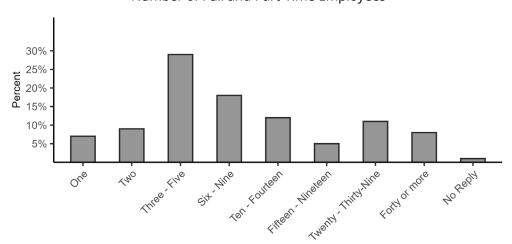
### NFIB OWNER/MEMBERS PARTICIPATING IN ECONOMIC SURVEY

**Industry of Small Business** 



### NFIB OWNER/MEMBERS PARTICIPATING IN ECONOMIC SURVEY

Number of Full and Part-Time Employees



### NFIB RESEARCH CENTER SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC SURVEY

**SMALL BUSINESS SURVEY QUESTIONS** 

months?

### Do you think the next three months will be a good time for small businesses to expand substantially? Why? 1,2 7 What about the economy in general, do you think that six months from now general business conditions will be better than they are now, about the same, or worse? 1, 2 7 Were your net earnings or "income" (after taxes) from your business during the last calendar quarter higher, lower, or about the same as they were for the guarter before? 1 8 If higher or lower, what is the most important reason? 8 During the last calendar quarter, was your dollar sales volume higher, lower, or about the same as it was for the quarter before? 9 Overall, what do you expect to happen to the volume of goods and/or services (number of customers, units, hours billed, etc.) that you will sell during the next three months? 1,2 9 How are your average selling prices now compared to three months 10 ago? In the next three months, do you plan to change the price of your goods and/or services? 10 During the last three months, did the total number of employees in your firm increase, decrease, or stay about the same? 11 If you have filled or attempted to fill any job opening in the past three months, how many qualified applicants were there for the position(s)? 11 12 Do you have any job openings that you are not able to fill right now? 1 In the next three months, do you expect to increase or decrease the total number of people working for you? 1,2 12 Over the past three months, did you change average employee compensation (wages and benefits but not Social Security, U.C. taxes, etc.)? 13 Do you plan to change average employee compensation (wages and benefits but not Social Security, U.C. taxes, etc.) during the next three

13

PAGE IN REPORT

### NFIB RESEARCH CENTER SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC SURVEY

**PAGE IN REPORT** 

**SMALL BUSINESS SURVEY QUESTIONS** 

-	
Areloans easier or harder to get than they were three months ago?	14
Do you expect to find it easier or harder to obtain your required financing during the next three months? 1,2	15
If you borrow money regularly (at least once every three months) as part of your business activity, how does the rate of interest payable on your most recent loan compare with that paid three months ago?	15
If you borrowed within the last three months for business purposes, and the loan maturity (pay back period) was 1 year or less, what interest rate did you pay?	16
During the last three months, did you increase or decrease your inventories?	16
At the present time, do you feel your inventories are too large, about right, or too low? <sup>1</sup>	17
Looking ahead to the next three months to six months, do you expect, on balance, to increase your inventories, keep them about the same, or decrease them? 1	17
During the last six months, has your firm made any of the following capital expenditures?	18
If [your firm made any capital expenditures], what was the total cost of these expenditures?	19
Looking ahead, do you expect to make any capital expenditures in the next three to six months? 1,2	19
How would you rate the overall health of your business today?	19
What is the single most important problem facing your business today?	20
Please classify your major business activity, using one of the categories of examples below.	
	21
How many employees do you have full and part-time, including yourself?	21